PRODUCT KEY FACTS

ChinaAMC Select Fund -

ChinaAMC Select Asia Bond Fund (the "Sub-Fund")

March 2022



- This statement provides you with key information about this product.
- This statement is a part of the offering document and must be read in conjunction with the Explanatory Memorandum of ChinaAMC Select Fund ("Explanatory Memorandum").
- You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.

Quick facts

Fund Manager: China Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited (the

"Manager")

Trustee: BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited
Custodian Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

Base currency: USD

Financial year end of the Sub-Fund: 31 December

Dealing frequency: Daily

Distribution policy: <u>Distributing Units</u>

Currently monthly, subject to the discretion of the

Manager.

Distributions, if any, will be paid in the currency of

the relevant unit class.

Distributions may be paid out of capital or effectively paid out of capital, which will result in an immediate

reduction of the net asset value per Unit.

Accumulating Units

No dividends will be declared or distributed. All interest and other income earned on the investment will be accumulated and re-invested into the Sub-Fund on behalf of Unitholders of the Classes of

accumulating Units.

Ongoing charges over a year: Class A HKD Units (ACC): 1.86%#

Class A HKD Units (DIST): 1.87#

Class A RMB Units (ACC/DIST): 1.87%^

Class A USD Units (ACC): 1.87%[^]
Class A USD Units (DIST): 1.87%[#]
Class I HKD Units (ACC): 1.27%[#]
Class I HKD Units (DIST): 1.30%[#]

Class I RMB Units (ACC/DIST): 1.27%^

Class I USD Units (ACC): 1.27%# Class I USD Units (DIST): 1.29%#

^ As the unit class has not yet been launched, the figure is an estimate only and represents the sum of the estimated ongoing expenses chargeable to the relevant unit class expressed as a percentage of the estimated average net asset value of the relevant unit class. The actual figure may be different upon actual operation of the Sub-Fund and may vary from year to year.

The ongoing charges figure is based on expenses for the year ended 31 December 2021. This figure may vary from year to year. It represents the sum of the ongoing expenses chargeable to the relevant unit class expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value of the relevant unit class.

Minimum subscription:

Class A HKD Units(ACC/DIST): HKD 10,000 initial,

HKD 10,000 additional

Class A RMB Units(ACC/DIST): RMB 10,000

initial, RMB 10,000 additional

Class A USD Units(ACC/DIST): USD 1,000 initial,

USD 1,000 additional

Class I HKD Units(ACC/DIST): HKD 5,000,000

initial, HKD 1,000,000 additional

Class I RMB Units(ACC/DIST): RMB 5,000,000

initial, RMB 1,000,000 additional

Class I USD Units(ACC/DIST): USD 1.000.000

initial, USD 500,000 additional

Minimum holding: Class A HKD Units(ACC/DIST): units with aggregate minimum value of HKD 10,000

Class A RMB Units(ACC/DIST): units with

aggregate minimum value of RMB 10,000

Class A USD Units(ACC/DIST): units with aggregate minimum value of USD 1,000

Class I HKD Units(ACC/DIST): units with aggregate minimum value of HKD 5,000,000

Class I RMB Units(ACC/DIST): units with aggregate minimum value of RMB 5,000,000

Class I USD Units(ACC/DIST): units with aggregate minimum value of USD 1,000,000

Minimum redemption:

Class A HKD Units(ACC/DIST): units with aggregate minimum value of HKD 10,000

Class A RMB Units(ACC/DIST): units with aggregate minimum value of RMB 10,000

Class A USD Units(ACC/DIST): units with aggregate minimum value of USD 1,000

Class I HKD Units(ACC/DIST): units with aggregate minimum value of HKD 100,000

Class I RMB Units(ACC/DIST): units with aggregate minimum value of RMB 100,000

Class I USD Units(ACC/DIST): units with aggregate minimum value of USD 10,000

What is this product?

 ChinaAMC Select Asia Bond Fund is a sub-fund of ChinaAMC Select Fund, a Hong Kong domiciled umbrella structure unit trust. It is governed by the laws of Hong Kong.

Investment Objective and Investment Strategy

Investment Objective

The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve long term return by investing primarily (i.e. not less than 70% of the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund) in fixed income and debt instruments issued or guaranteed by issuers domiciled in Asia and whose predominant business, in the opinion of the Manager, will benefit from or is related to the economic growth in Asia ("Asian Bonds").

The Sub-Fund may also invest less than 30% of its Net Asset Value in fixed income and debt instruments other than Asian Bonds, and cash and cash equivalents.

The fixed income and debt instruments that the Sub-Fund may invest in will be issued by (a) governments or quasi-government organization; and/or (b) corporations.

While it is not the intention of the Manager to invest primarily in any single market/country in Asia, the Sub-Fund may, on an occasional basis, invest significantly but less than 70% of its net asset value in fixed income and debt instruments issued or guaranteed by issuers domiciled or carrying out the predominant part of their economic activities in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") ("PRC Bonds"). Such PRC Bonds may be RMB denominated fixed income securities (including urban investment bonds) issued or distributed in Mainland China ("Onshore RMB Bonds"), or bonds issued outside of Mainland China.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 15% of its Net Asset Value directly in Onshore RMB Bonds via the Manager's RQFII quota, investing in PRC interbank bond markets ("**China Interbank Bond Market**") under Foreign Access Regime, Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by the relevant regulations from time to time. The Sub-Fund may also invest up to 15% of its Net Asset Value in dim sum bonds (i.e. bonds issued outside of Mainland China but denominated in RMB).

Save and except the Onshore RMB Bonds, more than 30% (but not exceeding 70%) of the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value may be invested in fixed income and debt instruments themselves or the issuers of such fixed income and debt instruments which are below investment grade (i.e. having a credit rating of Ba1 or BB+ or below rated by Moody's or Standard & Poor's or equivalent ratings by other internationally recognized credit rating agencies of similar standing) or unrated. In the case of a fixed income and debt instrument or the issuer of such fixed income and debt instrument has more than one

credit ratings, it is below investment grade if all of its credit ratings are of Ba1 or BB+ or below rated by Moody's or Standard & Poor's or equivalent ratings by other internationally recognized credit rating agencies of similar standing. The Onshore RMB Bonds themselves or the issuers of such Onshore RMB Bonds invested by the Sub-Fund will carry a credit rating of AA+ or above rated by China Chengxin International Credit Rating Co., Ltd or China Lianhe Credit Rating Co., Ltd or equivalent ratings by one of the local rating agencies recognized by the relevant authorities in Mainland China. For the purpose of the Sub-Fund, an "unrated fixed income/debt instrument" is defined as an instrument which neither the instrument itself nor its issuer has a credit rating. However, the Sub-Fund will not invest more than 10% of its net asset value in securities issued and/or guaranteed by any single country (including its government or a public or local authority of that country) with a credit rating below investment grade.

The Sub-Fund may, in aggregate, invest up to 30% of its Net Asset Value in convertible bonds and, to the extent permitted by the SFC's Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds (the "Code") and the provisions set out under the section "Investment and Borrowing Restrictions" in the Explanatory Memorandum, other funds which may or may not be authorized by the SFC. The Manager currently intends the Sub-Fund to only invest up to 5% of its Net Asset Valuein convertible bonds.

Up to 30% of the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value may be invested in debt instruments with loss-absorption features (including contingent convertible bonds (such as Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 Capital Instruments), senior non-preferred debt securities, instruments issued under the Financial Institutions (Resolution) (Loss-absorbing Capacity Requirements – Banking Sector) Rules and other similar instruments that may be issued by banks or other financial institutions). These instruments may be subject to contingent write-down or contingent conversion to ordinary shares on the occurrence of trigger event(s).

The Sub-Fund's aggregate exposure to investments (direct or indirect) to securities issued in the Mainland China market including but not limited to A-Shares, B-Shares, Onshore RMB Bonds and such other financial instruments permitted under applicable PRC regulations will not exceed 20% of its Net Asset Value.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Sub-Fund currently does not intend to invest in A-Shares or B-Shares. The approval of the SFC will be sought and at least one month's prior notice will be given to Unitholders should there be a change in such intention.

The Sub-Fund may hold up to 20% of its Net Asset Value in cash, cash equivalents, and short-term money market instruments (such as bank deposits, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, treasury bills and money market funds managed by a third party, the Manager, or its Connected Persons) under normal circumstances; such holding may increase and account for less than 30% of its net asset value for defensive purposes on a temporary basis under exceptional circumstances such as in times of extreme volatility of the markets or during severe adverse market conditions.

The Asian Bonds that the Sub-Fund invests in are mainly denominated in USD or other major currencies such as Japanese Yen and Euro.

The Sub-Fund will not have any substantial exposure to investments denominated in restricted currencies, notwithstanding the Sub-Fund may have a limited exposure to investments denominated in RMB.

The Sub-Fund may invest in financial derivative instruments ("**FDIs**") for hedging or investment purposes to the extent permitted by the Code and the provisions set out under the section "Investment

and Borrowing Restrictions" in the Explanatory Memorandum.

The Sub-Fund will not invest in structured deposits, structured products, asset backed securities or mortgage backed securities. The Manager currently does not intend to enter into securities lending, repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions and other similar over-the-counter transactions in respect of the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund may borrow up to 10% of its total Net Asset Value on a temporary basis for the purpose of meeting redemption requests or defraying operating expenses.

Indicative Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Sub-Fund's percentage allocation (indicative only)
Asian Bonds	Not less than 70% of the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund
Fixed income and debt instruments other than Asian Bonds and cash and cash equivalents	Less than 30% of the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund

Use of Derivatives / Investment in Derivatives

The Sub-Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of its Net Asset Value.

What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. For further information on risk, refer to the Sub-Fund's Explanatory Memorandum.

1. Investment risk

- The Sub-Fund is an investment fund and not a bank deposit. The Sub-Fund may fall in value
 due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore investors may suffer losses. There is no
 guarantee of repayment of capital.
- There can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will make any dividend or distributions payment during the period an investor holds distributing Units in the Sub-Fund.

2. Debt instruments risk

- Volatility and liquidity risk The Sub-Fund may invest in debt securities which are not listed
 or actively traded, and as a consequence tend to be less liquid and more volatile. The prices
 of securities traded in such markets may be subject to fluctuations. The bid and offer spreads
 of the price of such securities may be large, and hence, the Sub-Fund may incur significant
 trading and realisation costs and losses may be suffered.
- **Credit risk** The Sub-Fund is exposed to the credit/insolvency risk of issuers of the debt securities that the Sub-Fund may invest in.
- Interest rate risk Investment in the Sub-Fund is subject to interest rate risk. Generally, the
 prices of fixed income securities rise when interest rates fall, whilst their prices fall when
 interest rates rise.
- **Credit rating risk** Credit ratings assigned by rating agencies are subject to limitations and do not guarantee the creditworthiness of the security and/or issuer all times.

- Risk associated with fixed income and debt instruments rated below investment grade or unrated - The Sub-Fund may invest in fixed income and debt instruments which are below investment grade or unrated. Such securities are subject to lower liquidity, higher volatility, higher credit risk and greater risk of loss of principal and interest than more highly-rated debt instruments.
- **Valuation risk** Valuation of the Sub-Fund's investments may involve uncertainties and judgmental determinations, and independent pricing information may not at all times be available. If such valuations should prove to be incorrect, this may affect the calculation of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.
- Downgrade risk The credit rating of an issuer or a debt instrument may subsequently be
 downgraded due to changes in the financial strength of an issuer or changes in the credit
 rating of a debt instrument. In the event of downgrading in the credit ratings of a debt
 instrument or an issuer relating to a debt, the Sub-Fund's investment value in such security
 may be adversely affected. The Manager may or may not be able to dispose of the debt
 instruments that are being downgraded.
- Sovereign debt risk Investment in sovereign debt obligations issued or guaranteed by
 governments may be exposed to political, social and economic risks. In adverse situations,
 the sovereign issuers may not be able or willing to repay the principal and/or interest when
 due or may request the Sub-Fund to participate in restructuring such debts. The Sub-Fund
 may suffer significant losses when there is a default of sovereign debt issuers.

3. Convertible bonds risk

 Convertible bonds are a hybrid between debt and equity, permitting holders to convert into shares in the company issuing the bond at a specified future date. As such, convertibles will be exposed to equity movement and greater volatility than straight bond investments. Investments in convertible bonds are subject to similar interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and prepayment risk associated with comparable straight bond investments.

4. Risks associated with investments in LAPs

- Debt instruments with loss-absorption features are subject to greater risks when compared to traditional debt instruments as such instruments are typically subject to the risk of being written down or converted to ordinary shares upon the occurrence of certain pre-defined trigger events (e.g. when the issuer is near or at the point of non-viability or when the issuer's capital ratio falls to a specified level), which are likely to be outside of the issuer's control. Such trigger events are complex and difficult to predict and may result in a significant or total reduction in the value of such instruments.
- In the event of the activation of a trigger, there may be potential price contagion and volatility caused by debt instruments with loss-absorption features to the entire asset class. Debt instruments with loss-absorption features may also be exposed to liquidity, valuation and sector concentration risk.
- The Fund may invest in contingent convertible debt securities ("Cocos") which are highly complex and are of high risk. Upon the occurrence of the trigger event, CoCos may be converted into shares of the issuer (potentially at a discounted price), or may be subject to the permanent write-down to zero. Coupon payments on CoCos are discretionary and may be cancelled by the issuer at any point, for any reason, and for any length of time.
- The Fund may invest in senior non-preferred debts. While these instruments are generally senior to subordinated debts, they may be subject to write-down upon the occurrence of a trigger event and will no longer fall under the creditor ranking hierarchy of the issuer. This may result in total loss of principal invested.

5. Concentration risk

- The Sub-Fund will focus its investments in fixed income and debt instruments whose
 predominant business will benefit from or is related to the economic growth in Asia (such as
 the PRC). The Sub-Fund is likely to be more volatile than a fund having a more diverse portfolio
 of investments.
- The value of the Sub-Fund may be more susceptible to adverse economic, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory event affecting the Asian market.

6. Risk associated with the PRC

- The Sub-Fund's investments may have significant exposure in the PRC markets. The value of the Sub-Fund may be more volatile than that of a fund having a more diverse portfolio of investments.
- The value of the Sub-Fund may be more susceptible to Chinese economic, political and social risks, accounting and reporting standards risk, PRC laws and regulations risk, restricted market risk and changes in PRC taxation risk.

7. Emerging market risk

The Sub-Fund invests in emerging markets (including the PRC) which may involve increased
risks and special considerations not typically associated with investment in more developed
markets, such as liquidity risks, currency risks, political and economic uncertainties, legal and
taxation risks, settlement risks, custody risk and the likelihood of a high degree of volatility.

8. Risk of investing in other funds

- The Sub-Fund may invest in other funds which may or may not be authorized by the SFC, and does not have control of the investments of these underlying funds. Investor should note that there are additional fees involved when investing into these underlying funds, including fees and expenses charged by investment manager of these underlying funds. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that 1) the liquidity of the underlying funds will always be sufficient to meet redemption requests; and 2) investment objective and strategy of the underlying funds will be successfully achieved.
- If the Sub-Fund invests in an underlying fund managed by the Manager or connected person
 of the Manager, potential conflict of interest may arise. The Manager will have regards to its
 obligations to the Sub-Fund and will endeavour to ensure that such conflicts are resolved fairly.

9. Risks associated with RMB Classes of Units

- RMB is currently not freely convertible and is subject to foreign exchange controls and restrictions.
- Non RMB-based investors are exposed to foreign exchange risk and there is no guarantee
 that the value of RMB against the investors' base currencies (for example HKD) will not
 depreciate.
- Any depreciation of RMB could adversely affect the value of investor's investment in the Sub-Fund.
- Although offshore RMB (CNH) and onshore RMB (CNY) are the same currency, they trade at different rates. Any divergence between CNH and CNY may adversely impact investors.
- Under exceptional circumstances, payment of redemptions and/or dividend payment in RMB may be delayed due to the exchange controls and restrictions applicable to RMB.

10. Foreign currency risk

Certain investments acquired by the Sub-Fund are denominated in currencies (such as HKD or RMB) different from the Base Currency. The net asset value of the Sub-Fund may be affected favourably or unfavourably by the exchange rates between the Base Currency and currencies of investments acquired by the Sub-Fund and by changes in exchange rate control.

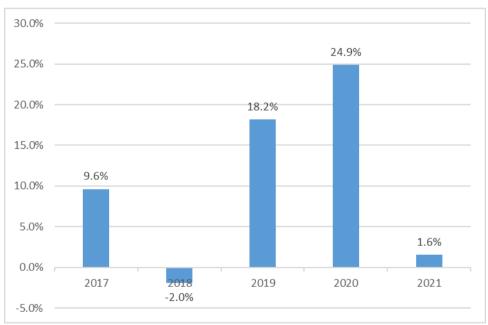
11. Hedging risk

• The Sub-Fund may acquire financial derivatives instruments for hedging and in adverse situations, such hedging may become ineffective and the Sub-Fund may suffer significant losses. The price of a derivative instrument can be very volatile which may result in losses in excess of the amount invested in the derivative instruments by the Sub-Fund. A derivative instrument is subject to the risk that the counterparty of the instrument will not fulfil its obligations to the Sub-Fund, and this may result in losses to the Sub-Fund.

12. Risks associated with distributions out of capital

 Payment of distributions out of capital or effectively out of capital amounts to a return or withdrawal of part of a Unitholder's original investment or from any capital gains attributable to that original investment. Any such distributions may result in an immediate reduction of the net asset value per Unit.

How has the Sub-Fund performed?



Note: With effect from 10 March 2020, the investment strategy of the Fund was changed to add flexibility to invest in debt instruments with loss-absorption features. The performance of the Fund prior to 2020 was achieved under circumstances that no longer apply.

- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-To-NAV, with dividend reinvested.
- These figures show by how much the Class A USD (DIST) Units increased or decreased in value during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in USD including ongoing charges and excluding subscription fee and redemption fee you might have to pay.

- When no past performance is shown there was insufficient data available in that year to provide performance.
- Sub-Fund launch date: 30 September 2016
- Class A USD (DIST) launch date: 18 April 2017
- Class A USD (DIST) is selected as the most appropriate representative unit class as it is denominated in the Sub-Fund's base currency and is most relevance to the retail investors.
- For further information on the performance of other unit classes, please refer to www.chinaamc.com.hk¹

Is there any guarantee?

The Sub-Fund makes no guarantee of investment return or avoidance of loss. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

What are the fees and charges?

Charges which may be payable by you

You may have to pay the following fees when dealing in the units of the Sub-Fund.

Fee What you pay

Subscription fee* Up to 5% of the amount you buy^

Conversion or switching fee*Up to 1% of the total redemption proceeds of the

original Class of Units (current level at 1%)^

Redemption fee None

^ investor should check with distributor for current level of the subscription and conversion fee. Note that no subscription fee is payable in respect of subscription for Class I HKD Units (ACC/DIST), Class I RMB Units (ACC/DIST) and Class I USD Units (ACC/DIST).

Ongoing fees payable by the Sub-Fund

The following expenses will be paid out of the Sub-Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

Annual rate (as a % p.a. of the NAV)

Management fee*#:

Up to 1.20% per annum (current level at 1.20% per

annum for Class A HKD Units(ACC/DIST), Class A RMB Units (ACC/DIST) and Class A USD Units (ACC/DIST) and 0.6% per annum for Class I HKD Units (ACC/DIST), Class I RMB Units (ACC/DIST) and Class I USD Units (ACC/DIST) of the Sub-

Fund's value

Trustee fee*: Up to 0.5% per annum (current level up to 0.14%

per annum) of the Sub-Fund's value and subject to

a minimum monthly fee of USD6,000

Custodian fee*: Up to 0.10% per annum of the Sub-Fund's value

(current level up to 0.06% per annum)

Performance fee: Not applicable

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¹ This website has not been reviewed by the SFC.

Administration fee:

Not applicable

* You should note that the subscription fee, conversion / switching fee, management fee, trustee fee and custodian fee might be increased up to the specified permitted maximum level by providing not less than one month's prior notice to Unitholders.

Where the Sub-Fund invests in funds which are managed by the Manager or its connected persons (the "underlying funds"), the Manager will procure that either the Sub-Fund or the underlying fund(s) will not charge any management fee in order to ensure no double-charging of management fees.

Other fees

You may have to pay other fees when dealing in the units of the Sub-Fund.

Additional Information

- You generally buy and redeem units at the Sub-Fund's next-determined net asset value (NAV)
 after the trustee receives your request in good order on or before 5:00 p.m. (Hong Kong time) being
 the dealing cut-off time. Different distributors may impose different dealing deadlines for receiving
 requests from investors.
- The NAV is calculated and the price of units is published each HK Business Day in the South China Morning Post and in the Hong Kong Economic Times and/or any other newspapers the Manager may determine and notify the Unitholders.
- Compositions of the distributions (if any) (i.e. the relative amounts / percentages paid out of (i) net
 distributable income and (ii) capital) for the last 12 months are available by the Manager on request
 and also on the following website: www.chinaamc.com.hk. This website has not been reviewed by
 the SFC.
- For further information on the past performance of other unit classes offered to Hong Kong investors, please refer to following website: www.chinaamc.com.hk.²

Important

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.

² This website has not been reviewed by the SFC.