ChinaAMC Select Fund ChinaAMC Select Money Market Fund

Annual Report

For the year ended 31 December 2020





ANNUAL REPORT

CHINAAMC SELECT MONEY MARKET FUND (a sub-fund of ChinaAMC Select Fund, an open-ended unit trust established as an umbrella fund under the laws of Hong Kong)

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IMPORTANT.

Any opinion expressed herein reflects the Manager's view only and are subject to change. For more information about the fund, please refer to the explanatory memorandum of the fund which is available at our website:

http://www.chinaamc.com.hk/en/products/public-fund/chinaamc-select-money-market-fund/fund-details.html

Investors should not rely on the information contained in this report for their investment decisions.

ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT

MANAGER

China Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited 37/F, Bank of China Tower 1 Garden Road Central, Hong Kong

DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGER

Yang Minghui Gan Tian Li Yimei Li Fung Ming Zhang Xiaoling (resigned on 14 September 2020)

LEGAL ADVISER TO THE MANAGER

Deacons 5/F, Alexandra House 18 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

TRUSTEE. ADMINISTRATOR AND REGISTRAR

BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited 12/F and 25/F, Citicorp Centre 18 Whitfield Road Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central, Hong Kong

CUSTODIAN

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited 14/F, Bank of China Tower 1 Garden Road Central, Hong Kong

REPORT OF THE MANAGER TO THE UNITHOLDERS

Introduction

ChinaAMC Select Money Market Fund (the "Sub-Fund") is a sub-fund of ChinaAMC Select Fund, an umbrella unit trust established under the laws of Hong Kong pursuant to the trust deed dated 12 January 2012, as amended or supplemented from time to time. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve capital appreciation by directly or indirectly investing not less than 70% of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund in fixed income and debt instruments in markets worldwide. The Sub-Fund will maintain a portfolio with weighted average maturity nor exceeding 60 days and a weighted average life nor exceeding 120 days and will not purchase an instrument with a remaining maturity of more than 397 days, or two years in the case of Government and other public securities.

Market Review

Against the backdrop of easing geopolitical risk, China is expected to further consolidate its recovery. Thanks to the effective containment of COVID-19, China's economy has registered a healthy rebound, as indicated by Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) and export numbers in recent months. As such, growth in Asia may outpace developed markets in the coming years, which should bode well for the region's credit market. With a better economic outlook, continued supportive monetary policies, and easing of trade tensions, we believe China will continue to anchor investment sentiment in Asia, helping reduce volatility and attract fund inflows into the region. China government bond yield and performance was both stable. This will help support the increase in the reinvestment rate of the insurers' bond portfolio and the reduction of reserve charges, both of which are good for earnings performance. As for the Hong Kong's insurance business, which is dominated by Mainland customers, its performance has lagged due to the pandemic situation and border restrictions. If travel restrictions are loosened between Mainland and Hong Kong, the Hong Kong's insurance industry will benefit from the pent-up demand for financial services from Mainland customers. In addition, the upcoming Crossborder Wealth Management Investment Scheme will help Hong Kong financial institutions to participate in the opening up of the financial sector in China, which will benefit the development of the cross-border financial industry in the long run.

China Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited 23 April 2021

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE TO THE UNITHOLDERS

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager, China Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited, has, in all material respects, managed ChinaAMC Select Money Market Fund (a sub-fund of ChinaAMC Select Fund) for the year ended 31 December 2020 in accordance with the provisions of the trust deed dated 12 January 2012, as amended or supplemented from time to time with the exception that one breach of investment restriction during the reporting period where there is no impact to investor.

On behalf of BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited,	the Trustee	
23 April 2021		

Independent auditor's report To the Manager and the Trustee of ChinaAMC Select Money Market Fund

(A sub-fund of ChinaAMC Select Fund, an open-ended unit trust established as an umbrella fund under the laws of Hong Kong)

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of ChinaAMC Select Money Market Fund (a sub-fund of ChinaAMC Select Fund (the "Trust") and referred to as the "Sub-Fund") set out on pages 7 to 35, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2020, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Sub-Fund in accordance with the *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report thereon

The Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Fund are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent auditor's report (continued) To the Manager and the Trustee of ChinaAMC Select Money Market Fund

(A sub-fund of ChinaAMC Select Fund, an open-ended unit trust established as an umbrella fund under the laws of Hong Kong)

Responsibilities of the Manager and the Trustee for the financial statements

The Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Fund are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as the Manager and the Trustee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Fund are responsible for assessing the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager and the Trustee either intend to liquidate the Sub-Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Manager and the Trustee of the Sub-Fund are required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the trust deed dated 12 January 2012 as amended or supplemented from time to time (the "Trust Deed") and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the *Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds* (the "SFC Code") issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Sub-Fund have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sub-Fund's internal control.

Independent auditor's report (continued)
To the Manager and the Trustee of
ChinaAMC Select Money Market Fund

(A sub-fund of ChinaAMC Select Fund, an open-ended unit trust established as an umbrella fund under the laws of Hong Kong)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager and the Trustee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager and the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Sub-Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager and the Trustee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on matters under the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong 23 April 2021

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2020 HKD	Period from 29 March 2019 (date of inception) to 31 December 2019 HKD
INCOME Interest income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Interest income on bank deposits		709,724 759,901 1,469,625	455,423 573,155 1,028,578
EXPENSES Management fee Trustee fee Custodian fee and bank charges Auditors' remuneration Preliminary expenses Transaction handling fee Legal and professional fees Other expenses	5 5 5	(49,766) (74,644) (18,796) (129,047) - (12,996) (45,270) (20,899) (351,418)	(19,900) (106,210) (8,607) (117,472) (509,045) (4,229) (20,518) (9,632) (795,613)
PROFIT BEFORE INVESTMENT AND EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES		1,118,207	232,965
INVESTMENT GAINS AND EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES Net losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Exchange (loss)/gain NET INVESTMENT AND EXCHANGE (LOSSES)/GAINS		(251,296) (401,071) (652,367)	(34,971) 43,974 9,003
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		465,840	241,968
Withholding taxes	7	-	
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		465,840	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		<u> </u>	241,968

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	2020 HKD	2019 HKD
ASSETS Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Interest receivables Time deposits Cash and cash equivalents TOTAL ASSETS	8 9 9	48,707 21,087,570 43,089,679 64,225,956	16,367,733 348,622 - 97,503,612 114,219,967
LIABILITIES Management fee payable Trustee fee payable Accrued expenses and other payables Amount due to broker TOTAL LIABILITIES EXCLUDING NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS	5 5	11,505 4,344 274,838 - 290,687	13,522 4,414 278,133 2,385,396 2,681,465
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS	10	63,935,269	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		64,225,956	2,681,465
TOTAL EQUITY	11	-	111,538,502
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		64,225,956	114,219,967

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Number of Units	HKD
As at 29 March 2019 (date of inception)	-	-
Subscription of units – Class I HKD	11,149,759.30	111,810,000
Total comprehensive income	-	241,968
Notional foreign exchange adjustment*	<u>-</u> _	(513,466)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	11,149,759.30	111,538,502
Reclassification of the redeemable units as financial liabilities	(11,149,759.30)	(111,538,502)
At 31 December 2020		

^{*}Change of functional and presentation currency from USD to HKD has resulted in a foreign exchange adjustment. Refer to note 2.2 for further details.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

	Number of Units	HKD
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	-	-
Reclassification of the redeemable units as financial liabilities	11,149,759.30	111,538,502
Subscription of units - Class I HKD - Class A HKD	2,335,121.24 2,688.06 2,337,809.30	23,500,000 26,967 23,526,967
Redemption of units - Class I HKD - Class A HKD	(7,110,710.11) (112.91) (7,110,823.02)	(71,594,908) (1,132) (71,596,040)
Increase in net asset attributable to unitholders	<u>-</u> _	465,840
At 31 December 2020	6,376,745.58	63,935,269
	2020	2019
Number of units in issue - Class I HKD - Class A HKD	6,374,170.43 2,575.15	11,149,759 -
Net asset value per unit - Class I HKD - Class A HKD	HKD 10.0263 HKD 9.9984	HKD10.0037 -

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2020 HKD	Period from 29 March 2019 (date of inception) to 31 December 2019 HKD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax Adjustments for:		465,840	241,968
Decrease/(increase) in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Increase in time deposits Decrease/(increase) in interest receivables (Decrease)/increase in management fee payable (Decrease)/increase in trustee fee payable (Decrease)/increase in accrued expenses and other payables (Decrease)/increase in amount due to broker Net cash flows used in operating activities		16,367,733 (21,087,570) 299,915 (2,017) (70) (3,295) (2,385,396) (6,344,860)	(16,367,733) (348,622) 13,522 4,414 278,133 2,385,396 (13,792,922)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY Proceeds on issue of units Payments for redemption of units Net cash flows (used in)/from financing activity		23,526,967 (71,596,040) (48,069,073)	111,810,000
NET (DECREASE)/ INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(54,413,933)	98,017,078
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year/period Decrease due to change in functional currency		97,503,612	(513,466)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR/PERIOD		43,089,679	97,503,612
ANALYSIS OF BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash at banks	9	4,529,818	52,581,932
Non-pledged short-term deposit with original maturity within three months	9	38,559,861 43,089,679	44,921,680 97,503,612
Net cash generate from operating activities includes: Interest received on bank deposits		759,901	573,155

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

THE SUB-FUND

ChinaAMC Select Fund (the "Trust") was constituted as an open-ended unit trust established as an umbrella fund under the laws of Hong Kong pursuant to a trust deed dated 12 January 2012, as amended or supplemented from time to time (the "Trust Deed").

ChinaAMC Select Money Market Fund (the "Sub-Fund") was constituted as a separate sub-fund of the Trust. The Sub-Fund is an open-ended unit trust and is authorised by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong (the "SFC") under Section 104(1) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance and is required to comply with the *Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds* established by the SFC (the "SFC Code"). Authorisation by the SFC does not imply official approval or recommendation. The Sub-Fund was launched on 29 March 2019. As at 31 December 2020, there are five other sub-funds established under the Trust and the inception dates are as follow:

ChinaAMC Select RMB Bond Fund ChinaAMC Select China New Economy Fund ChinaAMC Select Hong Kong China Opportunities Fund ChinaAMC Select Asia Bond Fund ChinaAMC Select Fixed Income Allocation Fund Inception date 21 February 2012 27 May 2015 9 March 2016 30 September 2016 28 August 2018

The manager of the Trust is China Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited (the "Manager") and the Trustee is BOCI-Prudential Trustee Limited (the "Trustee"). The Custodian is Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited (the "Custodian").

The Sub-Fund's objective is to invest in short-term deposits, high quality money market instruments of varying maturities and such other securities as permitted by the Code. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve long-term return in line with prevailing money market rates, with primary considerations of both capital security and liquidity, by investing not less than 70% of the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund in Hong Kong dollar ("HKD") and United States dollar ("USD") -denominated and settled short-term deposits and high quality money market instruments issued by governments, quasi-governments, international organisations, and financial institutions globally.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements of the Sub-Fund have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee of the IASB and the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions specified in Appendix E of the SFC Code.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL") that have been measured at fair value. The financial statements are presented in HKD and all values are rounded to the nearest HKD except where otherwise indicated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.2 CHANGE IN FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

On 7 September 2020, in order to have greater flexibility in achieving the investment objective of the Sub-Fund, the Manager expanded the currencies of instruments from USD to both USD and HKD in which the Sub-Fund may invest based on its existing investment strategy. Accordingly, the Sub-Fund prospectively changed its functional currency from USD to HKD starting from 7 September 2020 (the "Conversion Date") in accordance with IAS 21 *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates*. On the Conversion Date, all assets, liabilities and income statement items were translated into HKD at the exchange rate on that date.

The Sub-Fund also prospectively changed the presentation currency of its financial statements from USD to HKD in accordance with IAS 8 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*. The comparative figures presented in these financial statements have also been restated to HKD accordingly.

3.1 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Sub-Fund has adopted the following revised IFRSs for the first time for the current period's financial statements, which are applicable to the Sub-Fund.

Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 Definition of Material

The nature and the impact of the revised IFRSs are described below:

The amendments provide a new definition of material that states, "information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general-purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity." The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, either individually or in combination with other information, in the context of the financial statements. A misstatement of information is material if it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions made by the primary users. These amendments had no impact on the consolidated financial statements of, nor is there expected to be any future impact to the Sub-Fund.

3.2 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

There are no standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effect, up to date of issuance of the Sub-Fund's financial statements which, in the opinion of the Manager will clearly impact the Sub-Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial instruments

(a) Classification

In accordance with IFRS 9, the Sub-Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition into the categories of financial assets and financial liabilities discussed below.

In applying that classification, a financial asset or financial liability is considered to be held for trading if:

- It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term, or
- On initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which, there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking, or
- It is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument)

Financial assets

The Sub-Fund classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at profit or loss on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. The Sub-Fund includes in this category short-term non-financing receivables including interest receivables, time deposits and cash and cash equivalents.

Financial assets measured at FVPL

A financial asset is measured at FVPL if:

- Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are SPPI on the principal amount outstanding, or
- It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell, or
- At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The Sub-Fund includes in this category instruments held for trading. This category includes equity instruments which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Classification (continued)

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost includes all financial liabilities. The Sub-Fund includes in this category management fee payable, trustee fee payable, amount due to broker and accrued expenses and other payables.

(b) Recognition

The Sub-Fund recognises a financial asset or a financial liability when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Sub-Fund commits to purchase or sell the financial asset.

(c) Initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVPL are recorded in the statement of financial position at fair value. All transaction costs for such instruments are recognised directly in profit or loss.

Financial assets and liabilities (other than those classified as at FVPL) are measured initially at their fair value plus any directly attributable incremental costs of acquisition or issue.

(d) Subsequent measurement

After initial measurement, the Sub-Fund measures financial instruments which are classified as at FVPL, at fair value. Subsequent changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in net gain or loss on financial assets and liabilities at FVPL in the statement of comprehensive income. Interest and dividends earned or paid on these instruments are recorded separately in interest revenue or expense and dividend revenue or expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

Other receivable is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method ("EIR") less any allowance for impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

Financial liabilities, other than those classified as at FVPL, are measured at amortised cost using the EIR. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, as well as through the amortisation process.

The EIR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating and recognising the interest income or interest expense in profit or loss over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of the financial liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Subsequent measurement (continued)

When calculating the effective interest rate, the Sub-Fund estimates cash flows considering allcontractual terms of the financial instruments, but does not consider expected credit losses ("ECL"). The calculation includes all fees paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

(e) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or the Sub-Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and the Sub-Fund has:

- Transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- Neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Sub-Fund has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset (or has entered into a pass-through arrangement), and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Sub-Fund's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Sub-Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Sub-Fund has retained. The Sub-Fund derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, impairment allowances are recognised under the general approach where ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Sub-Fund is required to provide for credit losses that result from possible default events within the next 12 months. For those credit exposures where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure irrespective of the timing of the default.

The Sub-Fund's approach to ECLs reflects a probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The Sub-Fund uses the provision matrix as a practical expedient to measure ECLs on other receivable, based on days past due for groupings of receivables with similar loss patterns. Receivables are grouped based on their nature. The provision matrix is based on historical observed loss rates over the expected life of the receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is generally not the case with master netting agreements unless one party to the agreement defaults and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statement of financial position.

Fair value measurement

The Sub-Fund measures its investments in financial instruments, such as equity instruments, at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Sub-Fund.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Sub-Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets at the reporting date is based on their quoted price, without any deduction for transaction costs.

For all other financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined using valuation techniques deemed to be appropriate in the circumstances. Valuation techniques include the market approach (i.e., using recent arm's length market transactions, adjusted as necessary, and reference to the current market value of another instrument that is substantially the same) and the income approach (i.e., discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models making as much use of available and supportable market data as possible).

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement (continued)

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Sub-Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Functional and presentation currency

The Sub-Fund's functional currency is HKD, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates. The Sub-Fund's performance is evaluated and its liquidity is managed in HKD.

Therefore, the HKD is considered as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The Sub-Fund's presentation currency is also HKD.

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions during the period, including purchases and sales of securities, income and expenses, are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined.

Foreign currency transaction gains and losses on financial instruments classified as at FVPL and exchange differences on other financial instruments are included in profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Net assets attributable to unitholders

The Sub-Fund offered redeemable units, namely Class A units, Class B units, Class F units and Class I units, which are redeemable at the unitholder's option and are classified as financial liabilities for the year ended 31 December 2020. Redeemable participating shares are measured at the redemption amount. As at 31 December 2019, only Class I units were issued and were classified as equity.

With a view to protecting the interests of unitholders, the Manager is entitled, with the approval of the Trustee, to limit the number of units of the Sub-Fund redeemed on any Dealing Day to 10% of the total number of units of the Sub-Fund in issue. In this event, the limitation will apply pro rata so that all unitholders of the relevant Class or Classes of the Sub-Fund wishing to redeem units of the Sub-Fund on that Dealing Day will redeem the same proportion of such units, and units not redeemed (but which would otherwise have been redeemed) will be carried forward for redemption, subject to the same limitation, and will have priority on the next Dealing Day over subsequent redemption requests received in respect of such subsequent Dealing Day. If requests for redemption are so carried forward, the Trustee will inform the unitholders concerned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net assets attributable to unitholders (continued)

With a view to managing the liquidity of the Sub-Fund, achieving fair treatment of unitholders, and safeguarding the interests of remaining unitholders in case of sizeable redemptions, upon consultation with the Trustee from time to time, the Manager is also entitled to limit the amount of redemption request from an individual unitholder on any Dealing Day to HKD10,000 or the equivalent in another currency under extreme market circumstances at the Manager's discretion. In this event, any units not redeemed will be carried forward for redemption, subject to the same limitation. If requests for redemption are so carried forward, the Manager will promptly inform the unitholders concerned.

Redeemable units are issued and redeemed at the holder's option at prices based on the Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of issue or redemption. The Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders by the number of units in issue.

Redeemable units are classified as an equity instrument when:

- (a) The redeemable units entitle the holder to a *pro-rata* share of the Sub-Fund's net assets in the event of the Sub-Fund's liquidation.
- (b) The redeemable units are in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments.
- (c) All redeemable units in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features.
- (d) The redeemable units do not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the holder's rights to a *pro-rata* share of the Sub-Fund's net assets.
- (e) The total expected cash flows attributable to the redeemable units over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition to the redeemable units having all the above features, the Sub-Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- (a) Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Fund. and
- (b) The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable unitholders.

The Sub-Fund continuously assesses the classification of the redeemable units. If the redeemable units cease to have all the features or meet all the conditions set out to be classified as equity, the Sub-Fund will reclassify them as financial liabilities and measure them at fair value at the date of reclassification, with any differences from the previous carrying amount recognised in equity. If the redeemable units subsequently have all the features and meet the conditions to be classified as equity, the Sub-Fund will reclassify them as equity instruments and measure them at the carrying amount of the liabilities at the date of the reclassification.

The issuance, acquisition and cancellation of redeemable units are accounted for as equity transactions.

Upon issuance of redeemable units, the consideration received is included in equity. Transaction costs incurred by the Sub-Fund in issuing or acquiring its own equity instruments are accounted for as a deduction from equity to the extent that they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction that otherwise would have been avoided.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net assets attributable to unitholders (continued)

Own equity instruments that are reacquired are deducted from equity and accounted for at amounts equal to the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs.

No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Sub-Fund's own equity instruments.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the EIR by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Distributions to unitholders

Distributions are at the discretion of the Sub-Fund. A distribution to the Sub-Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from net assets attributable to unitholders. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the Manager.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and short-term deposits in banks that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, with original maturities of three months or less.

Short-term investments that are not held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments and restricted margin accounts are not considered as cash and cash equivalents.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts when applicable.

Net losses on financial assets at FVPL

Net losses on financial assets at FVPL are changes in the fair value of financial assets held for trading or designated upon initial recognition as at FVPL and exclude interest and dividend income and expenses.

Unrealised gains and losses comprise changes in the fair value of financial instruments for the period and from reversal of the prior period's unrealised gains and losses for financial instruments which were realised in the reporting period. Realised gains and losses on disposals of financial instruments classified as at FVPL are calculated using the weighted average method. They represent the difference between an instrument's initial carrying amount and disposal amount.

Amounts due to broker

Amounts due to broker are payables for securities purchased (in a regular way transaction) that are financial liabilities, other than those classified as at FVPL.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Sub-Fund if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Sub-Fund:
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Sub-Fund; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Sub-Fund or of a parent of the Sub-Fund; or
- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Sub-Fund are members of the same group;
 - one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Sub-Fund are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Sub-Fund or an entity related to the Sub-Fund;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, of any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Sub-Fund or to the parent of the Sub-Fund.

<u>Taxes</u>

In some jurisdiction, dividend income, interest income and capital gains are subject to withholding tax deducted at the source of the income. The Sub-Fund presents the withholding tax separately from the gross investment income in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash inflows from investments are presented net of withholding taxes, when applicable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE AND MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS

Connected persons of the Manager are those as defined in the SFC Code. All transactions entered into during the period between the Sub-Fund and the Manager and its connected persons were carried out in the normal course of business and on normal commercial terms. To the best of the Manager's knowledge, the Sub-Fund does not have any other transactions with connected persons except for what is disclosed below.

(a) Management fee

The Manager is entitled to receive a management fee from the Sub-Fund at 0.15% per annum for Class A Units, at 0.10% per annum for Class B Units, at 0.60% per annum for Class F Units and at 0.05% per annum for Class I Units of the net asset value of each class of Units of the Sub-Fund calculated on a daily basis and accrued as at the relevant Valuation Point and payable monthly in arrears in relation to Units

The management fee for the year ended 31 December 2020 was HKD49,766 (period ended 31 December 2019: HKD19,900). As at 31 December 2020, management fee of HKD11,505 (2019: HKD13,522) was payable to the Manager.

(b) Trustee fee

The Trustee is entitled to receive a trustee fee from the Sub-Fund, at current rates up to 0.5% (current level up to 0.075%) per annum, based on the net asset value, subject to minimum monthly fee of USD4,000, which is reduced by 50% from 29 March 2019 (date of inception) to 31 March 2019, and accrued on each valuation day and is paid monthly in arrears.

The trustee fee for the year ended 31 December 2020 was HKD74,644 (period ended 31 December 2019: HKD106,210). As at 31 December 2020, trustee fee of HKD4,344 (2019: HKD4,414) was payable to the Trustee.

(c) Custodian fee and bank charges

The Custodian is entitled to receive custodian fees from the Sub-Fund, at a current rate of up to 0.025% (up to a maximum of 0.1%) per annum, calculated monthly and is paid monthly in arrears.

The custodian fees for the year ended 31 December 2020 were HKD9,816 (period ended 31 December 2019: HKD5,960). As at 31 December 2020, there was no custodian fee payable to the Custodian (2019: Nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2020, bank charges of HKD8,980 (period ended 31 December 2019: HKD2,647) were charged by Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited.

(d) <u>Transaction handling</u> fee

Transaction handling fee pertain to the administrative fees for every transaction made through the Administrator at USD10 per transaction made. The transaction handling fee for the year ended 31 December 2020 was HKD12,996 (period ended 31 December 2019: HKD4,229). As at 31 December 2020, transaction handling fee of HKD400 (2019: HKD1,207) was payable to the Administrator.

(e) Bank deposit held by the Trustee's affiliates

The Sub-Fund's bank deposit was held by the Trustee's affiliates, Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited, with interest income amounting to HKD59 (period ended 31 December 2019: HKD9,547) for the year ended 31 December 2020. Further details of the balance held are described in note 9 to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

5. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE AND MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (continued)

(f) <u>Investment transactions with connected persons of the Manager and the Trustee</u> CITIC Securities Company Limited was the Manager's affiliate.

	Aggregate value of purchases and sales of securities HKD	Total commission paid HKD	% of Sub-Fund's total transactions during the year %	Average commission Rate %
2020 CITIC Securities Company Limited 2019	1,576,022	-	0.58%	-
CITIC Securities Company Limited	2,356,276	-	1.97%	-

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited was the Trustee's affiliate.

	Aggregate value of purchases and sales of securities HKD	Total commission paid HKD	% of Sub-Fund's total transactions during the year %	Average commission Rate %
2020				
Bank of China (Hong	4 500 607		0.500/	
Kong) Limited 2019	1,583,607	-	0.58%	-
Bank of China (Hong				
Kong) Limited	1,590,645	-	1.33%	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

5. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE AND MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (continued)

(g) Holdings in the Sub-Fund

The Sub-Fund allows the Manager, its connected persons and other funds managed by the Manager to subscribe for, and redeem, units in the Sub-Fund. The holdings in the Sub-Fund by the Manager and its connected persons as at 31 December 2020 were as follows:

31 December 2020

	Units outstanding at 1 January 2020	Units subscribed during the year	Units redeemed during the period	Units outstanding at 31 December 2020
Class I HKD units held by:	5 000 000 00		(0.000.507.04)	4 470 400 70
ChinaAMC International Holdings Limited	5,000,000.00	-	(3,820,537.21)	1,179,462.79
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC	0.400.074.00		(4.040.000.00)	000 074 00
NOMS HK/CHINAAMC NASDAQ1XIP	2,136,071.22	=	(1,310,000.00)	826,071.22
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC	000 444 40	407.000.70		4 450 007 40
NOMS HK/CHINAAMC NASDAQ2XLP	683,144.46	467,822.73	=	1,150,967.19
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC	070 400 04		(550,000,00)	400 400 04
NOMS HK/HKIC-CAMC HSI-1X	672,190.24	-	(550,000.00)	122,190.24
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC			(400 040 00)	
NOMS HK/HKIC-CAMC HSCEI 2XL	428,210.08	-	(428,210.08)	-
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC			(0.40.000.40)	
NOMS HK/HKIC-CAMC HSCEI-1X	243,980.16	-	(243,980.16)	-
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC			(400 000 00)	
NOMS HK/HKIC-CAMC HSI 2XL	298,751.22	218,674.02	(460,000.00)	57,425.24
Class A HKD units held by:				
ChinaAMC International Holdings Limited	_	100.00	-	100.00

Class I HKD units held by:	Units outstanding at 29 March 2019 (date of inception)	Units subscribed during the period	Units redeemed during the period	Units outstanding at 31 December 2019
ChinaAMC International Holdings Limited		F 000 000 00		E 000 000 00
•	-	5,000,000.00	-	5,000,000.00
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC		0.400.074.00		0.400.074.00
NOMS HK/CHINAAMC NASDAQ1XIP	-	2,136,071.22	-	2,136,071.22
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC				
NOMS HK/CHINAAMC NASDAQ2XLP	-	683,144.46	-	683,144.46
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC				
NOMS HK/HKIC-CAMC HSI-1X	-	672,190.24	-	672,190.24
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC				
NOMS HK/HKIC-CAMC HSCEI 2XL	-	428,210.08	-	428,210.08
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC				
NOMS HK/HKIC-CAMC HSCEI-1X	-	243.980.16	_	243,980.16
HSBC NOMINEES (HONG KONG) LIMITED/FS/HSBC		-,		-,
NOMS HK/HKIC-CAMC HSI 2XL	_	298,751.22	-	298,751.22
		,		/

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

6. SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS

The Manager and its connected persons have not received any soft dollar commissions or entered into any soft dollar arrangements in respect of the management of the Sub-Fund for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil). The Manager and its connected persons have not retained any cash rebates from any broker or dealer.

WITHHOLDING TAXES

Hong Kong Profits Tax

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made for the Sub-Fund as the interest income and realised gain on disposal of investment of the Sub-Fund are excluded from the charge to profits tax under Section 14, Section 26 or Section 26A of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

Other jurisdiction

Interest income and realised gain on disposal of investment of the Sub-Fund may be subject to withholding and other taxes levied by the jurisdiction in which the income is sourced. As the Sub-Fund assesses the probability for litigation and subsequent cash outflow with respect to taxes as remote, no liability has been recognised for the year ended 31 December 2020 (period ended 31 December 2019: Nil).

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2020	2019
	HKD	HKD
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- debt securities	-	16,367,733
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		16,367,733

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in the markets is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading at the end of the reporting date.

The Sub-Fund utilises the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded prices fall within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value.

The Sub-Fund's fair value measurement assumes that the asset or liability is exchanged in an orderly transaction between market participants to sell the asset or transfer the liability at the measurement date under current market conditions.

When a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, the Sub-Fund measures fair value using another valuation technique that maximises the use of relevant observable inputs and minimises the use of unobservable inputs. Because fair value is a market-based measurement, it is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. As a result, the Sub-Fund's intention to hold an asset or to settle or otherwise fulfill a liability is not relevant when measuring fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

Even when there is no observable market to provide pricing information about the sale of an asset or the transfer of a liability at the measurement date, a fair value measurement shall assume that a transaction takes place at that date, considered from the perspective of a market participant that holds the asset or owes the liability. That assumed transaction establishes a basis for estimating the price to sell the asset or to transfer the liability.

No financial assets measured at fair value was held by the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2020.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Sub-Fund's financial assets measured at fair value as at 31 December 2019.

31 December 2019

	Quoted prices in active markets Level 1 HKD	Significant observable inputs Level 2 HKD	Significant unobservable inputs Level 3 HKD	Total HKD
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - debt securities	<u>-</u> -	16,367,733 16,367,733		16,367,733 16,367,733

As at 31 December 2019, the Sub-Fund invested in debt securities and categories the investments within Level 2. There are no investments classified within Level 1 and Level 3 and no transfers between levels for the period from 29 March 2019 (date of inception) to 31 December 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND TIME DEPOSITS

	2020 HKD	2019 HKD
Cash at banks	4,529,818	52,581,932
Non-pledged short-term deposit with original maturity within three months:		
China Everbright Bank Hong Kong Branch Agricultural Bank of China Hong Kong Branch China Minsheng Banking Crop., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch CMB Wing Lung Bank Limited Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch	10,004,188 6,536,298 7,007,358 4,000,142 11,011,875 38,559,861	14,907,668 15,430,025 14,583,987 - - - 44,921,680
Total cash and cash equivalents	43,089,679	97,503,612
Non-pledged time deposit with original maturity between three to twelve months:		
China Everbright Bank Hong Kong Branch Agricultural Bank of China Hong Kong Branch China Minsheng Banking Crop., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch CMB Wing Lung Bank Limited	5,025,920 7,019,948 7,023,188	- - -
Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch Total time deposits	2,018,514 21,087,570	<u>-</u>

The bank balance includes cash at bank held with Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited, affiliate company of the Trustee. Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and twelve months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Sub-Fund, and earn interests at the respective short-term deposit rates.

The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

10. NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

The consideration received or paid for units issued or re-purchased respectively is based on the value of the Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit at the date of the transaction. In accordance with the provisions, the Sub-Fund investment positions are valued based on the last traded market price for the purpose of determining the trading net asset value per unit for subscriptions and redemptions. The Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the Sub-Fund's net assets with the total number of outstanding units.

Capital management

The Sub-Fund's objectives for managing capital are to invest the capital in investments in order to achieve its investment objective while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet the expenses of the Sub-Fund, and to meet redemption requests as they arise.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

10. NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS (continued)

Capital management (continued)

	2020 HKD	2019 HKD
Net assets attributable to unitholders (calculated in accordance with Explanatory Memorandum) Adjustment for preliminary expenses (Note) Adjustment for year-end capital transactions	64,252,589 (317,320)	67,153,628 (425,128) 44,810,002
Net assets attributable to unitholders (calculated in accordance with IFRSs)	63,935,269	111,538,502
Net assets attributable to unitholders (per unit) (calculated in accordance with Explanatory Memorandum) Class I HKD Class A HKD	HKD 10.0761 HKD 10.0380	HKD 10.0418 -
Net assets attributable to unitholders (per unit) (calculated in accordance with IFRSs) Class I HKD Class A HKD	HKD 10.0263 HKD 9.9884	HKD 10.0037

Note:

The published net assets are calculated in accordance with the prospectus where preliminary expenses are capitalised and to be amortised over the first five years of the operation of the Sub-Fund. For the net assets as reported in the financial statements, the preliminary expenses are expensed as incurred as required under IFRSs. The unamortised amount was HKD317,320 (2019: HKD425,128) and the remaining period was 39 months (2019: 51 months) as at 31 December 2020.

11. SHARE CAPITAL

During the period from 29 March 2019 (date of inception) to 31 December 2019, there were only Class I units in issue and the Sub-Fund concluded that these units had identical features and met all the conditions for classification as equity instruments.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, following the issuance of Class A units which are subject to different fee structures, the Sub-Fund concluded that the condition that the financial instruments have identical features was no longer met under IAS 32 *Financial Instruments: Presentation.* Therefore, the Sub-Fund had prospectively reclassified the redeemable units as financial liabilities. The reclassification was deemed to have occurred at the beginning of the reporting period, and thus the amount reclassified was the entire equity balance which was determined to be the fair value of the liability to unitholders at the date of the reclassification.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

12. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES

Risk management

Risk is inherent in the Sub-Fund's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring. The Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. In perspective of risk management, the Sub-Fund's objective is to create and protect value for unitholders.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to market risk (which includes interest rate risk and currency risk), liquidity risk and credit risk arising from the financial instruments it holds.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from uncertainty concerning movements in market prices and rates, including observable variables such as interest rates, credit spreads, exchange rates, and indirectly observable variables such as volatilities and correlations. Market risk includes such factors as changes in economic environment, consumption pattern and investors' expectation, etc., which may have significant impact on the value of the investments. Market movement may therefore result in substantial fluctuation in the net asset value of redeemable units of the Sub-Fund.

The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments equals their fair value.

The Sub-Fund assumes market risk in trading activities. The Sub-Fund distinguishes market risk as interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations of markets interest rates on the fair value of interest-bearing assets and future cash flows.

As the Sub-Fund has invested in debt securities whose values are driven significantly by changes in interest rates, the Sub-Fund is subject to interest rate risk. When interest rates rise, the value of previously acquired debt securities will normally fall because new debt securities acquired will pay a higher rate of interest. In contrast, if interest rates fall, then the value of the previously acquired debt securities will normally rise. The Manager regularly assesses the economic condition and monitor changes in interest rates outlook to control the impact of interest rate risk. In a rising interest rate environment, the Sub-Fund will acquire debts with a shorter maturity profile to minimise the negative impact to the portfolio.

The majority of interest rate exposure arises on investments in debt securities. Most of the Sub-Fund's investments in debt securities carry fixed interest rates. The Manager considers the movement in interest rates will have insignificant impact on the interest income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

12. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (continued)

Risk management (continued)

- (a) Market risk (continued)
 - (i) Interest rate risk (continued)

No investments in debt securities was held as at 31 December 2020.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Sub-Fund's profit or loss for the period ended 31 December 2019 to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant.

+25 (3,24)	,
	+25 -25 (3,24

The Sub-Fund also has interest-bearing bank deposits. As the bank deposits have maturity dates within twelve months, the Manager considers the movement in interest rates will not have significant cash flow impact on the net assets attributable to unitholders for the year ended 31 December 2020 and period ended 31 December 2019, and therefore no sensitivity analysis on bank deposit is presented.

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Sub-Fund holds assets and liabilities mainly denominated in HKD, the functional currency of the Sub-Fund. The Manager considers the Sub-Fund is not exposed to significant currency risk and therefore no sensitivity analysis is presented.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Sub-Fund will encounter difficulties in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Sub-Fund could be required to pay its liabilities or redeem its units earlier than expected. The Sub-Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of its redeemable units. Units are redeemable at the holder's option based on the Sub-Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of redemption, calculated in accordance with the Sub-Fund's Trust Deed. It is the Sub-Fund's policy that the Manager monitors the Sub-Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

12. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (continued)

Risk management (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Sub-Fund's financial assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows in order to provide a complete view of the Sub-Fund's contractual commitments and liquidity.

Financial liabilities

The maturity grouping is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. When a counterparty has a choice of when the amount is paid, the liability is allocated to the earliest period in which the Sub-Fund can be required to pay.

Financial assets

Analysis of debt securities at fair value through profit or loss into maturity groupings is based on the expected date on which these assets will be realised. For other assets, the analysis into maturity groupings is based on the remaining period from the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or, if earlier, the expected date on which the assets will be realised.

As at 31 December 2020	On demand HKD	Within 1 month HKD	1 month to 3 months HKD	More than 3 months to 1 year HKD	Total HKD
Financial assets					
Interest receivables	-	28,223	7,141	13,343	48,707
Time deposits	-	12,045,869	5,025,723	4,015,978	21,087,570
Cash and cash equivalents	4,529,818	31,555,673	7,004,188	-	43,089,679
•					
Total financial assets	4,529,818	43,629,765	12,037,052	4,029,321	64,225,956
Financial liabilities					
Management fee payable	_	_	11,505		11,505
Trustee fee payable	_	4,344	11,505	_	4.344
. ,	-	4,344	-	-	4,344
Accrued expenses and		400		274,438	274,838
other payables Net assets attributable to	-	400	-	214,430	214,030
unitholders*	62 025 260				62 025 260
ununoiders	63,935,269				63,935,269
Takal financial Balantia	00 005 000	4744	44 505	074 400	04.005.050
Total financial liabilities	63,935,269	4,744	11,505	274,438	64,225,956

^{*}Subject to redemption terms of the Sub-Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

12. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (continued)

Risk management (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

As at 31 December 2019	On demand HKD	Within 1 month HKD	1 month to 3 months HKD	More than 3 months to 1 year HKD	Total HKD
Financial assets Financial assets at fair through profit or loss Interest receivables Cash and cash equivalents	- - 52,581,932	16,367,733 297,260 42,921,680	40,768 2,000,000	10,594 	16,367,733 348,622 97,503,612
Total financial assets	52,581,932	59,586,673	2,040,768	10,594	114,219,967
Financial liabilities Management fee payable Trustee fee payable Amount due to broker Accrued expenses and other payables	- - - -	13,522 4,414 2,385,396 1,899	- - - -	276,234	13,522 4,414 2,385,396 278,133
Total financial liabilities		2,405,231		276,234	2,681,465

(c) Credit and counterparty risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss to the Sub-Fund that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Sub-Fund minimises exposure to credit risk by only dealing with creditworthy counterparties.

All transactions by the Sub-Fund in securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using an approved broker. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

The Manager's policy is to closely monitor the creditworthiness of the Sub-Fund's counterparties (e.g., brokers, custodian and banks) by reviewing their credit ratings, financial statements and press releases on a regular basis.

Credit risk disclosures are segmented into two sections based on whether the underlying financial instrument is subject to IFRS 9's impairment disclosures or not.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

12. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (continued)

Risk management (continued)

(c) Credit and counterparty risk (continued)

Financial assets subject to IFRS 9's impairment requirements

The Sub-Fund's financial assets subject to the ECL model within IFRS 9 are only cash and cash equivalents, time deposits and interest receivables. As at 31 December 2020, the total of cash and cash equivalents, time deposits and interest receivables were HKD64,225,956 (2019: HKD97,852,234) on which no loss allowance had been provided. There is not considered to be any concentration of credit risk within these assets. No assets are considered impaired and no amounts have been written off in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the Sub-Fund applies the general approach for impairment, there is no information indicating that the financial asset had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The financial assets therefore are still classified at stage 1 and presented in gross carrying amount.

In calculating the loss allowance, a provision matrix has been used based on historical observed loss rates over the expected life of the receivables adjusted for forward-looking estimates. Items have been grouped by their nature into the following categories: cash and cash equivalents and dividend receivables. All the Sub-Fund's cash and cash equivalents are held in major financial institutions located in Hong Kong, which the Manager believes are of high credit quality. The Manager considers the Sub-Fund is not exposed to significant credit risk and no loss allowance has been made.

The Sub-Fund's short-term deposits are potentially subject to concentrations of counterparty risk consist principally of assets held with the banks. The table below summarise the Sub-Fund's short-term deposits placed with the banks and their credit ratings from Moody's and Standard & Poor's ("S&P"):

31 December 2020	HKD	Credit rating	Source of credit rating
Cash and cash equivalents and time deposits			
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited	4,529,818	A+	S&P
China Everbright Bank Hong Kong Branch	15,030,109	Baa2	Moody's
Agricultural Bank of China Hong Kong Branch	13,556,246	А	S&P
China Minsheng Banking Crop., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch	14,030,545	BBB-	S&P
CMB Wing Lung Bank Limited	4,000,142	Baa2	Moody's
Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch	13,030,389	A2	Moody's

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

12. FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (continued)

Risk management (continued)

(c) Credit and counterparty risk (continued)

Financial assets subject to IFRS 9's impairment requirements (continued)

31 December 2019	HKD	Credit rating	Source of credit rating
Cash and cash equivalents			
Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited China Everbright Bank Hong Kong	52,581,932	A+	S&P
Branch	14,907,668	Baa2	Moody's
Agricultural Bank of China Hong Kong Branch	15,430,025	A1	Moody's
China Minsheng Banking Crop., Ltd. Hong Kong Branch	14,583,987	BBB-	S&P

Financial assets not subject to IFRS 9's impairment requirements

The Sub-Fund is exposed to credit risk on debt securities. This class of financial assets is not subject to IFRS 9's impairment requirements as they are measured at FVPL. The carrying value of these assets, under IFRS 9 represents the Sub-Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk on financial instruments not subject to the IFRS 9 impairment requirements on the respective reporting dates. Hence, no separate maximum exposure to credit risk disclosure is provided for these instruments.

The Sub-Fund invested in fixed income and debt instruments issued or guaranteed by supranational bodies, governments, government agencies, local authorities, and companies in any sector that carry a credit rating grade of at least Baa3 or BBB- or equivalent assigned by one of the local rating agencies recognised by the relevant authorities in the PRC.

The Sub-Fund's financial assets which are potentially subject to concentrations of counterparty risk consist principally of assets held with the Custodian. No financial assets measured at fair value was held by the Sub-Fund as at 31 December 2020. The tables below summarise the Sub-Fund's assets placed with the Custodian and their related credit ratings from S&P as at 31 December 2019:

31 December 2019	HKD	Credit rating	Source of credit rating
Custodian Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited	16,367,733	A+	S&P

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

13. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

During the period between the end of the reporting period and the date of authorisation of these financial statements, there were a net subscription of 890 units and 2,781,009 units for Class A and Class I of the Sub-Fund respectively.

14. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Trustee and the Manager on 23 April 2021.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

DEBT SECURITIES	Fair value (in HKD)	% of net assets
There is no investment portfolio record as of	year end	
Total investment portfolio (cost: USD 0) Other assets Total assets	64,225,956 64,225,956	0.00% 100.45% 100.45%
Total net assets	63,935,269	100.00%
Portfolio weighted average maturity in days Portfolio weighted average life in days	Days 30.34 30.34	
Daily liquid assets Weekly liquid assets	Fair value (in HKD) 64,252,589 64,252,589	% of net assets 100.50% 100.50%

MOVEMENT IN PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS

	Movement in holdings				
	As at 1 January 2020	Addition	Bonus/ Dividends	Disposal	As at 31 December 2020
Debt Securities					
AGRICULTURAL BANK OF					
CHINA LTD 2.75% S/A		FF0 000		(550,000)	
20OCT2020 AZURE NOVA INTL FINANACE	-	550,000	-	(550,000)	-
LTD 3% S/A 21MAR2020	-	600,000	-	(600,000)	-
BAIDU INC 3% S/A 30JUN2020	-	300,000	-	(300,000)	-
BANK OF CHINA LTD/HONG					
KONG 2.85% S/A 07JUN2020	-	2,000,000	-	(2,000,000)	-
BAOSTEEL FINANCING 2015 PTY LTD 3.875% S/A					
28JAN2020	300,000	_	-	(300,000)	-
BARCLAYS PLC 2.875% S/A	•			, ,	
08JUN2020	-	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
BLUESTAR FINANCE HLDGS LTD 4.375% S/A 11JUN2020		500,000		(500,000)	
CCBL CAYMAN CORP LTD	-	500,000	-	(500,000)	-
3.25% S/A 28JUL2020	-	300,000	-	(300,000)	-
CENTRAL PLAZA				, ,	
DEVELOPMENT LTD 3.875%	000.000			(0.00, 0.00)	
S/A 25JAN2020 CHINA CINDA FINANCE 2015 I	300,000	-	-	(300,000)	-
LTD 3.125% S/A 23APR2020					
REGS	-	300,000	-	(300,000)	-
CHINA GREAT WALL INTL				, ,	
HLDGS III LTD 2.75% S/A		000.000		(0.00, 0.00)	
31AUG2020 CHINA SHENHUA OVERSEAS	-	300,000	-	(300,000)	-
CAPITAL CO LTD 3.125% S/A					
20JAN2020	500,000	200,000	-	(700,000)	-
CNAC HK SYNBRIDGE CO LTD	·	·			
5% S/A 05MAY2020	-	500,000	-	(500,000)	-
COASTAL EMERALD LTD 5.95% S/A 13JAN2020	300,000			(300,000)	
COSL SINGAPORE CAPITAL	300,000	_	_	(300,000)	-
LTD 3.5% S/A 30JUL2020	-	500,000	-	(500,000)	-
COUNTRY GARDEN HLDGS CO				(222.22)	
LTD 7.5% S/A 09MAR2020 CSCEC FINANCE CAYMAN I	200,000	-	-	(200,000)	-
LTD 2.95% S/A 19NOV2020	_	295,000	_	(295,000)	_
DAIMLER FINANCE NORTH		200,000		(200,000)	
AMERICA LLC 2.7% S/A					
03AUG2020 REGS	-	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
EBAY INC 2.15% S/A 05JUN2020	_	200,000	_	(200,000)	_
GUANGZHOU METRO		200,000		(200,000)	
INVESTMENT FINANCE BVI					
LTD 3.375% S/A 03DEC2020	-	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
HAITIAN BVI INTL INVESTMENT					
DEVELOPMENT LTD 3.875% S/A 12DEC2020	_	200,000	_	(200,000)	
3// 12DE 02020	_	200,000	_	(200,000)	_

MOVEMENT IN PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS (continued)

	Movement in holdings				
	As at 1 January 2020	Addition	Bonus/ Dividends	Disposal	As at 31 December 2020
<u>Debt Securities</u> (continued)	2020	Addition	Dividondo	Diopodai	2020
HAITONG INTL FINANCE					
HLDGS 2015 LTD 3.5% S/A 21APR2020	200,000			(200,000)	
HENGJIAN INTL INVESTMENT	200,000	-	-	(200,000)	-
LTD 2.75% S/A 11JUL2020	-	500,000	-	(500,000)	-
HUARONG FINANCE II CO LTD				(222.22)	
3.75% S/A 19NOV2020	-	300,000	-	(300,000)	-
HUARONG FINANCE II CO LTD	200 000			(200,000)	
4.5% S/A 16JAN2020 HUZHOU CITY INVESTMENT	300,000	-	-	(300,000)	-
DEVELOPMENT GROUP CO					
LTD 4.875% S/A 20DEC2020	_	200,000	_	(200,000)	_
INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL		200,000		(200,000)	
BANK OF CHINA					
LTD/LUXEMBOURG 3M					
L+0.77% Q 12OCT2020	-	500,000	-	(500,000)	-
INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL					
BANK OF CHINA					
LTD/MACAU 2.42% A				(
30JUN2020 FXCD	-	300,000	-	(300,000)	-
INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL					
BANK OF CHINA					
LTD/SYDNEY 0% A 22JUL2020	_	4,000,000	_	(4,000,000)	_
MCC HLDG HONG KONG	-	4,000,000	-	(4,000,000)	-
CORP LTD 2.95% S/A					
31MAY2020	_	500,000	_	(500,000)	-
MINMETALS BOUNTEOUS		,		(,,	
FINANCE BVI LTD 3.5% S/A					
30JUL2020	-	550,000	-	(550,000)	-
ORIX CORP 2.95% S/A					
23JUL2020	-	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
SHANGHAI ELECTRIC POWER					
FINANCE LTD 3.625% S/A		400.000		(400,000)	
11AUG2020 SHELL INTL FINANCE BV	-	400,000	-	(400,000)	-
2.125% S/A 11MAY2020	_	300,000	_	(300,000)	_
SINOPEC GROUP OVERSEAS	_	300,000	_	(300,000)	_
DEVELOPMENT 2017 LTD					
2.25% S/A 13SEP2020					
REGS	-	250,000	-	(250,000)	-
WEICHAI INTL HONG KONG		•		, , ,	
ENERGY GROUP CO LTD					
4.125% S/A 30SEP2020	-	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
YONGDA INVESTMENT LTD				/=	
3.75% S/A 21JUL2020	-	600,000	-	(600,000)	-
Total investment portfolio	2,100,000	16,145,000	·	(18,245,000)	
rotal investment portiono	2,100,000	10,140,000		(10,243,000)	

INFORMATION ON EXPOSURE ARISING FROM FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Below is the summary of gross exposure and net derivative exposure arising from the use of financial derivative instruments during the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

Gross	exposure
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Oloss exposure	Lowest	Highest	Average
	%	%	%
For the year ended 31 December 2020	-	113.07	14.36
Net exposure	Lowest	Highest	Average
	%	%	%
For the year ended 31 December 2020	-	59.52	4.87

PERFORMANCE TABLE (UNAUDITED)

Net asset value attributable to unitholders

	Net asset value per unit	
As at 31 December 2020 - Class I HKD - Class A HKD	HKD 10.0263 HKD 9.9984	,,
As at 31 December 2019 - Class I HKD	HKD 10.0037	HKD 111,538,502
Highest issue price and lowest redemption price per unit ¹	Highest issue price per unit	price
For the year ended 31 December 2020 - Class I HKD - Class A HKD	HKD 10.0773 HKD 10.0400	
For the period from 29 March 2019 (date of inception) to 31 December 2019 - Class I HKD	HKD 10.0840	HKD 9.9558

¹ Past performance figures shown are not indicative of the future performance of the Sub-Fund.

