

# PRODUCT KEY FACTS

## ChinaAMC RMB Money Market ETF (Unlisted Class)

*A sub-fund established under the ChinaAMC Global ETF Series*

Issuer: China Asset Management  
(Hong Kong) Limited



April 2024

***This statement provides you with key information about this product.***

***This statement is a part of the Prospectus.***

***You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.***

### Quick facts

<b>Manager:</b>	China Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited 華夏基金(香港)有限公司
<b>Trustee and Registrar:</b>	HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited
<b>Ongoing charges over a year :</b>	Class A Units (RMB) / Class A Units (HKD) / Class A Units (hedged HKD) / Class A Units (USD) / Class A Units (hedged USD): 0.43%^ Class F Units (RMB) 0.73%# Class F Units (HKD) / Class F Units (hedged HKD) / Class F Units (USD) / Class F Units (hedged USD): 0.73%^ Class I Units (RMB) 0.24%# Class I Units (HKD) / Class I Units (hedged HKD) / Class I Units (USD) / Class I Units (hedged USD): 0.24%^ Class S Units (RMB) 0.13%#
<b>Base Currency:</b>	Renminbi (RMB)
<b>Distribution Policy:</b>	No distribution to Unitholders
<b>Financial Year End of this Sub-Fund:</b>	31 December
<b>Minimum initial investment, minimum subsequent investment, minimum holding</b>	Class A Units (RMB): RMB 10 Class F Units (RMB): RMB 1 Class I Units (RMB): RMB 10,000

<sup>#</sup> As the Class Unit is newly launched, this figure is a best estimate only and represents the sum of the estimated ongoing charges over a 12-month period of the relevant Class, expressed as a percentage of the estimated average NAV (as defined under "Strategy" below) for the same period for the relevant Class. It may be different upon actual operation of the Class Unit and may vary from year to year.

<sup>^</sup> As the Class Unit has not yet been launched, this figure is a best estimate only and represents the sum of the estimated ongoing charges over a 12-month period of the relevant Class, expressed as a percentage of the estimated average NAV (as defined under "Strategy" below) for the same period for the relevant Class. It may be different upon actual operation of the Class Unit and may vary from year to year.

<b>and minimum redemption amount:</b>	Class A Units (HKD) / Class A Units (hedged HKD):	HKD 10
	Class F Units (HKD) / Class F Units (hedged HKD):	HKD 1
	Class I Units (HKD) / Class I Units (hedged HKD):	HKD 10,000
	Class A Units (USD) / Class A Units (hedged USD):	USD 10
	Class F Units (USD) / Class F Units (hedged USD):	USD 1
	Class I Units (USD) / Class I Units (hedged USD):	USD 1,000
	Class S Units (RMB):	Nil

### What is this product?

ChinaAMC RMB Money Market ETF (the “**Sub-Fund**”) is a sub-fund of ChinaAMC Global ETF Series, an umbrella unit trust established under Hong Kong law. The Sub-Fund is an actively-managed ETF falling within Chapter 8.2 and 8.10 of the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds (the “**Code**”) issued by the SFC.

**The Sub-Fund offers both listed class of Units (the “Listed Class of Units”) and unlisted classes of Units (the “Unlisted Classes of Units”). This statement contains information about the offering of the Unlisted Class of Units, and unless otherwise specified, references to “Units” in this statement shall refer to the “Unlisted Class of Units”. Investors should refer to a separate statement for the offering of the Listed Classes of Units.**

**The purchase of a Unit in the Sub-Fund is not the same as placing funds on deposit with a bank or deposit-taking company. The Sub-Fund does not guarantee repayment of principal and the Manager has no obligation to redeem the Units at the offer value. The Sub-Fund does not have a constant NAV. The Sub-Fund is not subject to the supervision of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.**

### Objective and Investment Strategy

#### Objective

The Sub-Fund’s investment objective is to invest in short-term deposits and high quality money market instruments. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve a long-term return in RMB in line with prevailing money market rates, with primary considerations of both capital security and liquidity. There can be no assurance that the Sub-Fund will achieve its investment objective.

#### Strategy

The Sub-Fund employs an actively managed investment strategy. The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing not less than 70% of its net asset value (“**NAV**”) in RMB-denominated and settled short-term deposits and high quality money market instruments of varying maturities issued by governments, quasi-governments, international organisations, financial institutions and corporations. The Sub-Fund may invest up to 30% of its NAV in non-RMB-denominated and settled short-term deposits and high quality money market instruments. The Manager may hedge non-RMB-denominated investments into RMB in order to manage any material currency risk, subject to the Manager’s view on the market.

#### Short-term Deposits and High Quality Money Market Instruments

Short-term deposits and high-quality money market instruments include, but are not limited to, fixed income and debt instruments, government bills, certificates of deposit, commercial papers, fixed and floating rate short-term notes and bankers’ acceptances. In assessing whether a money market

instrument is of high quality, at a minimum, the credit quality and the liquidity profile of the instrument must be considered.

The Sub-Fund will not invest more than 30% of its NAV in any single country or region, other than Greater China (comprising Mainland China, Hong Kong, Macao and Taiwan). The investment in Greater China region may be up to 100% of the Sub-Fund's NAV. The Sub-Fund may invest in aggregate up to 100% of its NAV in the short-term deposits and high quality money market instruments issued in Mainland China, including bonds issued by the Mainland Chinese government, China Development Bank, Export-Import Bank of China and Agricultural Development Bank of China ("**China Government Bonds and Policy Bank Bonds**"). The investment in China Government Bonds and Policy Bank Bonds will be less than 70% of the Sub-Fund's NAV. Onshore Mainland China investments will be made through the QFI status of the Manager, or via the Mainland inter-bank bond market under Foreign Access Regime, Bond Connect and/or other means as may be permitted by relevant regulations from time to time. Investments made via QFI and Foreign Access Regime will in aggregate constitute less than 70% of the NAV.

The aggregate value of the Sub-Fund's holding of instruments and deposits issued by a single entity will not exceed 10% of the total NAV of the Sub-Fund except: (i) where the entity is a substantial financial institution and the total amount does not exceed 10% of the entity's share capital and non-distributable capital reserves, the limit may be increased to 25%; or (ii) in the case of Government and other Public Securities (as defined in the Prospectus), up to 30% may be invested in the same issue; or (iii) in respect of any deposit of less than USD1,000,000 or its equivalent in the base currency of the Sub-Fund, where the Sub-Fund cannot otherwise diversify as a result of its size.

The Sub-Fund will maintain a portfolio with weighted average maturity not exceeding 60 days and a weighted average life not exceeding 120 days and will not purchase an instrument with a remaining maturity of more than 397 days, or two years in the case of Government and other Public Securities.

The Sub-Fund will only invest in high quality money market instruments, including high quality fixed income and debt instruments, rated investment grade or above (or where such instruments have no credit rating, the credit rating of their issuer or guarantor should be investment grade or above) with short term or short remaining maturity. For the purposes of the Sub-Fund, investment grade is defined as below:

- Short-term fixed income and debt instruments are considered investment grade if their credit ratings or the credit ratings of their issuers are rated A-3 or higher by Standard & Poor's, or F3 or higher by Fitch, or P-3 or higher by Moody's, or equivalent rating as rated by one of the international credit rating agencies.
- While the Sub-Fund does not intend to invest in fixed income and debt instruments with a long term to maturity remaining at the time of investment, the long-term credit ratings will be considered where the Sub-Fund invests in fixed income and debt instruments which have been rated long-term credit ratings, but have a shorter term to maturity remaining (subject to the requirements on remaining maturity, weighted average maturity and weighted average life of the portfolio of the Sub-Fund as set out above). For such instruments, investment grade means Baa3 or BBB- or above by Standard & Poor's, Fitch, Moody's or another recognised credit rating agency for the security or its issuer.
- For Mainland China onshore fixed income and debt instruments, investment grade means AA+ or above by China Chengxin International Credit Rating Co., Ltd or China Lianhe Credit Rating Co., Ltd, or equivalent ratings by one of the local rating agencies recognised by the relevant authorities in Mainland China.

For investment grade (either the security or its issuer or guarantor) fixed income and debt instruments, the Manager will assess the credit risks of the fixed income and debt instruments on an ongoing basis based on quantitative and qualitative fundamentals, including but not limited to the issuer's leverage, operating margin, return on capital, interest coverage, operating cash flows,

industry outlook, the firm's competitive position and corporate governance etc. to ensure that the fixed income and debt instruments that the Sub-Fund invests in are of high credit quality.

The Manager will assess the liquidity profile of instruments based on, amongst other factors, time to cash, external liquidity classification, liquidation horizon, daily trading volume, price volatility and bid-ask spread of such instruments. Only instruments with sufficient liquidity will be included in the portfolio of the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund will not invest in any convertible bonds or instruments with loss absorption features.

### **Other Investments**

The Sub-Fund may invest less than 10% of its NAV in high quality short-term urban investment bonds (城投債) rated investment grade or above, which are debt instruments issued by Mainland China local government financing vehicles (the “LGFVs”) and traded in the listed bond market and inter-bank bond market in Mainland China. These LGFVs are separate legal entities established by local governments and/or their affiliates to raise financing for public welfare investment or infrastructure projects.

The Sub-Fund may also invest less than 50% of its NAV in high quality short-term “Dim Sum” bonds, i.e. bonds issued outside of Mainland China but denominated in RMB, rated investment grade or above.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 10% of its NAV in money market funds authorised in Hong Kong by the SFC under Chapter 8.2 of the Code or regulated in other jurisdictions in a manner generally comparable with the requirements of the SFC and acceptable to the SFC, including Mainland China money market funds authorised by the China Securities Regulatory Commission. Such money market funds will maintain a portfolio with weighted average maturity not exceeding 60 days and a weighted average life not exceeding 120 days and will not purchase an instrument with a remaining maturity of more than 397 days, or two years in the case of Government and other Public Securities. The money market fund is either managed by third party, or by the Manager itself or its Connected Persons.

The Sub-Fund may invest up to 15% of its NAV in high quality short-term asset backed securities, such as mortgage backed securities and asset backed commercial papers which are investment grade or above.

The Sub-Fund will enter into financial derivative instruments for hedging purposes only.

### **Sale and Repurchase Transactions, Reverse Repurchase Transactions, Securities Lending Transactions and Borrowing**

The Sub-Fund may borrow up to 10% of its latest available NAV but only on a temporary basis for the purpose of meeting redemption requests or defraying operating expenses.

The Sub-Fund may enter into sale and repurchase transactions for up to 10% of its NAV but only on a temporary basis for the purpose of meeting redemption requests or defraying operating expenses. The amount of cash received by the Sub-Fund under such transactions may not in aggregate exceed 10% of its NAV.

The Sub-Fund may engage in reverse repurchase transactions for up to 20% of its NAV provided that the aggregate amount of cash provided to the same counterparty in reverse repurchase agreements may not exceed 15% of the NAV of the Sub-Fund.

Save as disclosed above, the Sub-Fund currently does not intend to enter into any securities lending transactions or other similar over-the-counter transactions. Prior approval from the SFC (if required) will be sought in the event that the Manager intends to engage in such activities and at least one month's prior notice will be given to Unitholders.

### **Use of derivatives / investment in derivatives**

The Sub-Fund's net derivative exposure may be up to 50% of its Net Asset Value.

## What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the Prospectus for details including the risk factors.

### 1. General investment risk

- The Sub-Fund's investment portfolio may fall in value due to any of the key risk factors below and therefore your investment in the Sub-Fund may suffer losses. There is no guarantee of the repayment of principal. There is no assurance that the Sub-Fund will achieve its investment objective.

### 2. Active investment risk

- The Sub-Fund is actively managed by the Manager. The Sub-Fund does not seek to track any index or benchmark, and there is no replication or representative sampling conducted by the Manager. It may fail to meet its investment objective as a result of the Manager's selection of investments, and/or the implementation of processes which may cause the Sub-Fund to underperform as compared to prevailing money market rates or other money market funds with a similar objective.

### 3. Mainland China investment risk and concentration risk

- Investing in Mainland China involves a greater risk of loss than investing in more developed markets due to, among other factors, greater political, social, tax, economic, foreign exchange, liquidity and regulatory risks; exchange rate fluctuations and exchange control; less developed settlement system; governmental interference; the risk of nationalisation and expropriation of assets, and custody risk and high volatility risk.
- The Sub-Fund will invest primarily in RMB-denominated short-term deposits and high quality money market instruments (which may include fixed income and debt instruments). The Sub-Fund may also be concentrated in Greater China. The Sub-Fund is therefore likely to be more volatile than a broad-based fund that adopts a more diversified strategy. The value of the Sub-Fund may be more susceptible to adverse economic, political, policy, foreign exchange, liquidity, tax, legal or regulatory events affecting the RMB money markets, or the market or region in which its investments are focused.

### 4. Fixed income and debt instruments investment risk

- Short-term fixed income and debt instruments risk - As the Sub-Fund invests substantially in short-term fixed income and debt instruments with short maturities, the turnover rates of the Sub-Fund's investments may be relatively high and the transaction costs incurred as a result of the purchase or sale of short-term fixed income and debt instruments may also increase which in turn may have a negative impact on the NAV of the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund's underlying fixed income and debt instruments may become more illiquid when nearing maturity. It therefore may be more difficult to achieve fair valuation in the market.
- Credit / counterparty risk - The Sub-Fund is exposed to the credit/default risk of issuers of the fixed income and debt instruments it invests in.
- Volatility and liquidity risk - The fixed income and debt instruments in the Greater China markets (in particular Mainland China and Taiwan) may be subject to higher volatility and lower liquidity compared to more developed markets. The prices of securities traded in such markets may be subject to fluctuation. The bid and offer spreads of the price of such securities may be large and the Sub-Fund may incur significant trading costs.
- Interest rate risk – Investment in the Sub-Fund is subject to interest rate risk. Generally, the prices of fixed income securities rise when interest rates fall, whilst their prices fall when interest rates rise.
- Credit rating risk - Credit ratings assigned by rating agencies are subject to limitations and do not guarantee the creditworthiness of the security and/or issuer at all times.

- Credit rating agency risk - The credit appraisal system in Mainland China and the rating methodologies employed in Mainland China may be different from those employed in other markets. Credit ratings given by Mainland China rating agencies may therefore not be directly comparable with those given by other international rating agencies.
- Downgrading risk – The credit rating of a fixed income and debt instrument or its issuer or guarantor may subsequently be downgraded. In such case, the Sub-Fund's investment value may be adversely affected. The Manager may or may not be able to dispose of the fixed income and debt instruments that are being downgraded.
- Valuation risk - Valuation of the Sub-Fund's investments may involve uncertainties and judgmental determinations. If such valuation turns out to be incorrect, this may affect the NAV calculation of the Sub-Fund.
- Settlement risk - To the extent that the Sub-Fund transacts in the inter-bank bond market in Mainland China, the Sub-Fund may also be exposed to risks associated with settlement procedures and default of counterparties. If counterparty defaults in delivering the securities, the trade may be cancelled and this may adversely affect the value of the Sub-Fund. Any transaction via exchange markets may also be subject to settlement delays.
- Sovereign debt risk - The Sub-Fund's investment in securities issued or guaranteed by governments may be exposed to political, social and economic risks. In adverse situations, the sovereign issuers may not be able or willing to repay the principal and/or interest when due or may request the Sub-Fund to participate in restructuring such debts. The Sub-Fund may suffer significant losses when there is a default of sovereign debt issuers.

#### 5. “Dim Sum” bond market risks

- The “Dim Sum” bond market is still a relatively small market which is more susceptible to volatility and illiquidity. The operation of the “Dim Sum” bond market as well as new issuances could be disrupted causing a fall in the NAV of the Sub-Fund should there be any promulgation of new rules which limit or restrict the ability of issuers to raise RMB by way of bond issuances and/or reversal or suspension of the liberalisation of the offshore RMB (CNH) market by the relevant regulator(s).

#### 6. Risks associated with bank deposits

- Bank deposits are subject to the credit risks of the relevant financial institutions. The Sub-Fund may place deposits in free trade non-resident account (FTN), as well as non-resident accounts (NRA) and offshore accounts (OSA) with banks in Mainland China. The Sub-Fund's deposit may not be protected by any deposit protection schemes, or the value of the protection under the deposit protection schemes may not cover the full amount deposited by the Sub-Fund. Therefore, if the relevant financial institution defaults, the Sub-Fund may suffer losses as a result.

#### 7. QFI regime related risks

- The Sub-Fund's ability to make the relevant investments or to fully implement or pursue its investment objective and strategy is subject to the applicable laws, rules and regulations (including restrictions on investments and repatriation of principals and profits) in Mainland China, which are subject to change, which may have potential retrospective effect.
- The Sub-Fund may suffer substantial losses if the approval of the QFI is being revoked/terminated or otherwise invalidated as the Sub-Fund may be prohibited from trading the relevant securities and repatriation of the Sub-Fund's monies, or if any of the key operators or parties (including the QFI custodian/brokers) is bankrupt / in default and/or is disqualified from performing its obligations (including execution or settlement of any transaction or transfer of monies or securities).

#### 8. Risks associated with Mainland inter-bank bond market and Bond Connect

- Investing in the Mainland inter-bank bond market via the Foreign Access Regime and/or Bond Connect is subject to regulatory risks and various risks such as volatility risk, liquidity risk, settlement and counterparty risk as well as other risk factors typically applicable to fixed income

and debt instruments. The relevant rules and regulations on such investments are subject to change which may have potential retrospective effect. In the event that the relevant Mainland Chinese authorities suspend account opening or trading on the Mainland inter-bank bond market or that a suspension in the trading through Bond Connect is effected, the Sub-Fund's ability to invest in the Mainland China market will be adversely affected. In such event, the Sub-Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective will be negatively affected.

#### **9. Mainland China tax risk**

- There are risks and uncertainties associated with the current Mainland China tax laws, regulations and practice in respect of the Sub-Fund's investments in Mainland China via the Manager's QFI status, Bond Connect or the Foreign Access Regime (which may have retrospective effect). Any increased tax liabilities on the Sub-Fund may adversely affect the Sub-Fund's value.
- Based on professional and independent tax advice, the management of the Sub-Fund (i) will make relevant provision of 10% on interest from Mainland Chinese instruments if withholding income tax ("**WHT**") is not withheld at source at the time when such income is received (where WHT is already held at source, no provision will be made) and (ii) will not make tax provision on the gross unrealised and realised capital gains derived from disposal of fixed income or other money market instruments that may be subject to Mainland China tax.
- Any shortfall between any provision made and the actual tax liabilities, which will be debited from the Sub-Fund's assets, will adversely affect the Sub-Fund's NAV. The actual tax liabilities may be lower than the tax provision made. Depending on the timing of their subscriptions and/or redemptions, investors may be disadvantaged as a result of any shortfall of tax provision and will not have the right to claim any part of the overprovision (as the case may be).

#### **10. Differences in dealing arrangements between Listed and Unlisted Classes of Units**

- Investors of Listed and Unlisted Classes of Units are subject to different pricing and dealing arrangements. The NAV per Unit of each of the Listed and Unlisted Classes of Units may be different due to different fees and cost applicable to each class. The dealing deadlines in respect of the Listed and Unlisted Class of Units are different (but the valuation point is the same for the relevant dealing day). The trading hours of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited applicable to the Listed Class of Units in the secondary market and the dealing deadlines in respect of the Listed Class of Units (on the primary market) or Unlisted Classes of Units are also different.
- Units of the Listed Class of Units are traded on the stock exchange in the secondary market on an intraday basis at the prevailing market price (which may diverge from the corresponding NAV), while Units of the Unlisted Classes of Units are sold through intermediaries based on the dealing day-end NAV and are dealt at a single valuation point with no access to intraday liquidity in an open market. Depending on market conditions, investors of the Unlisted Classes of Units may be at an advantage or disadvantage compared to investors of the Listed Class of Units.
- In a stressed market scenario, investors of the Unlisted Classes of Units could redeem their Units at NAV while investors of the Listed Class of Units in the secondary market could only sell at the prevailing market price (which may diverge from the corresponding NAV) and may have to exit the Sub-Fund at a significant discount. On the other hand, investors of the Listed Class of Units could sell their Units on the secondary market during the day thereby crystallising their positions while investors of the Unlisted Classes of Units could not do so in a timely manner until the end of the day.

#### **11. RMB currency and conversion risks**

- RMB is not a freely convertible currency as it is subject to foreign exchange control and restrictions of the Mainland Chinese government. Any devaluation of the RMB could adversely affect the value of investors' investments in the Sub-Fund. Investors whose base currency is not the RMB may be adversely affected by changes in the exchange rates of the RMB.

- Non-RMB based investors are exposed to foreign exchange risks as a result of fluctuations in the RMB exchange rate against their base currencies. There is no guarantee that the value of RMB against the investors' base currencies (for example HKD) will not depreciate. Any depreciation of RMB could adversely affect the value of investors' investment in the Sub-Fund.
- Although offshore RMB (CNH) and onshore RMB (CNY) are the same currency, they trade at different rates. Any divergence between CNH and CNY may adversely impact investors. Under exceptional circumstances, payment of redemption and/or dividend payment in RMB may be delayed due to the exchange controls and restrictions applicable to RMB.

## 12. Currency risks

- Underlying investments of the Sub-Fund may be denominated in currencies other than its base currency. The NAV of the Sub-Fund may be affected unfavourably by fluctuations in the exchange rates between these currencies and the base currency and by changes in exchange rate controls.

## 13. Termination risk

- The Sub-Fund may be terminated early under certain circumstances, for example, if the size of the Sub-Fund falls below HKD150 million. In case of termination of the Sub-Fund, the related costs will be borne by the Sub-Fund. The NAV may be adversely affected and Unitholders may suffer loss. Please refer to the section headed "Termination" of the Prospectus for details of events which may cause the Sub-Fund to be terminated.

## How has the Sub-Fund performed?

Since the Sub-Fund is newly set up, there is insufficient data to provide a useful indication of past performance to investors.

## Is there any guarantee?

The Sub-Fund does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the full amount of money you invest.

## What are the fees and charges?

### Charges which may be payable by you

### You may have to pay the following when dealing in the units of the Sub-Fund

Fees	What you pay
Subscription fee*	Up to 3% of the subscription amount
Switching fee	Up to 5% of the total redemption proceeds for each Unit switched
Redemption fee	Not applicable

### Ongoing fees payable by the Sub-Fund

The following expenses will be paid out of the Sub-Fund. They affect you because they reduce the return you get on your investments.

	Annual rate (as a % NAV)
<b>Management fee**</b> The Sub-Fund pays a management fee to the Manager.	Class A Units (RMB) / Class A Units (HKD) / Class A Units (USD) / Class A Units (hedged USD): 0.3% per annum  Class F Units (RMB) / Class F Units (HKD) / Class F Units (USD) / Class F Units (hedged USD): 0.6% per annum



	Class I Units (RMB) / Class I Units (HKD) / Class I Units (hedged HKD) / Class I Units (USD) / Class I Units (hedged USD):	0.15% per annum
	Class S Units (RMB):	Nil
<b>Trustee's fee</b>	The Sub-Fund pays a trustee's fee to the Trustee.	0.05% per annum, subject to a minimum fee of RMB18,000 per month
<b>Performance fee</b>		Nil
<b>Administration fee</b>		Nil
<p>* Please note that these fees may be increased up to a permitted maximum on giving 1 month's notice to Unitholders. Please refer to the section headed "Fees and Expenses" of the Prospectus for further details of the fees and charges payable and the permitted maximum of such fees allowed as well as other ongoing expenses that may be borne by the Sub-Fund.</p> <p># Where the Sub-Fund invests in funds which are managed by the Manager or its connected persons (the "<b>underlying funds</b>"), the Manager will procure that the underlying fund(s) will not charge any management fee in order to ensure no double-charging of management fees.</p>		
<b>Other fees</b>		
You may have to pay other fees when dealing in the Units of the Sub-Fund. Please refer to the Prospectus for details.		
<b>Additional information</b>		
<p>You generally buy and redeem Units at the Sub-Fund's next-determined NAV after the Trustee receives your request in good order on or before 10:30 am (Hong Kong time) being the dealing cut-off time for Unlisted Classes of Units. Different distributors may impose different dealing deadlines for receiving requests from investors. The valuation point is at approximately 1:00 pm (Hong Kong time) on the applicable valuation day (which coincides with each dealing day).</p> <p>The Manager will publish important news and information with respect to the Sub-Fund, both in the English and in the Chinese languages, on the Manager's website at <a href="https://www.chinaamc.com.hk/en/index.html">https://www.chinaamc.com.hk/en/index.html</a> (this website has not been reviewed by the SFC) including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the Prospectus and this statement (as revised from time to time);</li> <li>(b) the latest annual and semi-annual financial reports (in English only);</li> <li>(c) any notices for material alterations or additions to the Prospectus or the Sub-Fund's constitutive documents;</li> <li>(d) any public announcements made by the Sub-Fund, including information with regard to the Sub-Fund, the notices of the suspension of the calculation of the NAV and changes in fees;</li> <li>(e) the last NAV and the last NAV per Unit of each Unlisted Class of Units in issue;</li> <li>(f) the full portfolio information of the Sub-Fund (updated on a daily basis); and</li> <li>(g) the past performance information of other classes offered to Hong Kong investors;</li> </ul> <p>The NAV of the Sub-Fund is calculated and the price of Unlisted Classes of Units published on each business day on the website <a href="https://www.chinaamc.com.hk/en/index.html">https://www.chinaamc.com.hk/en/index.html</a> (this website has not been reviewed by the SFC).</p> <p>You may obtain information on the distributor(s) appointed in respect of the Sub-Fund by making a telephone enquiry with the Manager on 3406 8686.</p>		

**Important**

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The SFC takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.